UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA * Case No. 18-CR-204(NGG)

*

* Brooklyn, New York* February 05, 2019

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KEITH RANIERE, et al.,

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Defendants.

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TRANSCRIPT OF CRIMINAL CAUSE FOR STATUS CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE VERA M. SCANLON
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

V.

For the Government: SHANNON JONES, ESQ.

PHILLIP PILMAR, ESQ.

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             (Proceedings commenced at 5:06 p.m.)
                  THE CLERK: Criminal cause for a status conference,
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        Case No. 18-CR-204, United States v. Raniere, et al.
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                  Counsel, please state your name for the record
        starting with the government.
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                  MS. JONES: Shannon Jones and Phillip Pilmar for
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 7
        the United States. Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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                  MR. PILMAR: Good afternoon, Your Honor.
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                  THE COURT: Tell me your last name again.
                  MR. PILMAR: Pilmar.
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                  THE COURT: Pilmar. Okay.
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                  MS. CASSIDY: Good afternoon, Your Honor. Kathleen
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        Cassidy and Caroline Grosshans on behalf Clare Bronfman.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. You all in the back look
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        familiar.
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                  MR. AGNIFILO: Hi, Judge. We're just loitering.
                  THE COURT: Do you want to make an appearance here?
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                  MR. AGNIFILO: Yeah, we're all here. Marc
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        Agnifilo, Paul DerOhannesian, and Teny Geragos for Keith
        Raniere.
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2.1
                  I don't think we're on the calendar, but we're here
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        if anything comes up.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. So, did your client want to
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        attend?
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                  MR. AGNIFILO: No. He's --
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                  THE COURT: Okay. That's what I -- I thought he
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       was, because you had raised the other issue.
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                  MR. AGNIFILO: Yeah. So we actually, we just had a
       hearing --
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                  THE COURT: Right.
                  MR. AGNIFILO: -- in front of Judge --
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                  THE COURT: Yeah, I just heard. Uh-huh.
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                  MR. AGNIFILO: Yeah, Garaufis. So we're adjourned
        until tomorrow when they're back in front of Judge Garaufis,
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        so he does not want to attend this proceeding. Thank you.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. So he waives his appearance.
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                  MR. AGNIFILO: He does. He does.
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                  MS. CASSIDY: And Ms. Bronfman waives her
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        appearance as well.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. Does anybody else want to sit up
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       with attorneys? I mean, you know, feel free to move around.
                  MR. AGNIFILO: All right, Judge.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. So I don't know who everybody is
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        in the courtroom and the courtroom is open.
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                  That being said, I'm going to leave it to counsel
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       to flag for me if we start to talk about something that is on
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        -- is privileged, because that's the sort of -- that's the
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        issue that we're looking at here. So -- all right.
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                  So I hope this conference can be a -- I'm trying to
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        get a practical way to deal with this -- these issues.
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So, I asked the team here, because what I have is - I'm sorry. Let me just step back just so you know
something, which is that there was a letter from Mr. Shapiro
today.

It was raised having argument about the motion to suppress. I believe Judge Garaufis is going to refer that to me, so what we say here might touch on that. But just so you have that as the background.

The motion that we have with regard to the privilege obviously comes from the trial team.

MS. JONES: That's correct, Your Honor. And they are not here.

THE COURT: They're not here.

And the reason I didn't ask for them to come, and this is going -- this touches back on this possibility that we might talk about something that's privileged.

And you're going to have to let me know who should or shouldn't be hearing that, because I don't want to be part of the process of waiving anybody's privilege.

I'm not asking anyone to do that -- is conceptually and, you know, maybe I introduced the problem, or at least fed the problem was, were there some overarching issues that could help deal with some categorical -- some privileges that apply to categories of documents to try to move this whole process along because we had this conversation late last year

when you were looking at an even sooner trial date.

But you know, it's really approaching very quickly, and so how to get through whatever the mass of documents are, and I'm going to ask you about that in a minute.

So what I have from the trial team obviously, is this motion. And I would say, correct me if I'm wrong, it really tries to deal with two issues from the government's point of view.

One, the immigration related documents. And this is as I said, the trial team knowing what they know, and I'm not entirely clear what it is that they know, projecting on to what they assume exists, which the taint team then would know about maybe, if you'd gotten to these documents. But that's one category, immigration.

And the other is this idea that there has been a —
there should be an exception to the privilege because the
communications are either in and of themselves crimes, or
they are — they're conduits to crimes being committed, or
whatever, some variation on that, so the crime fraud
exception should apply.

Sort of a third way of looking at this usually comes from defendant, which is saying, you know, this is totally the wrong approach. You can't do this categorically, at least without some samples, basically. We need to know what you're talking about, and even really, judge, we should

be able to work a lot of this out.

That is what I see as the overview here, so I have the practical questions, which is — are generally about, how does this fit in with the overall work of the taint team, secondarily with the trial team, and your, you know, preparation, trying with maybe some more urgency to sort of dig in and see what can we do to get these privilege issues resolved.

I think -- I have reservations about this idea that we can do it without -- we can make these decisions without looking at at least some of the documents through a sampling approach. But let me just ask some -- to get just a perspective on what you're looking at.

Okay. So, I think there's the very big question which is, you have a lot of material. There has been this ongoing dispute about where do these materials fall within the warrants. And so actually there is the suppression issue.

But even from your perspective, you know, are we looking at the terabytes of data that we had, or obviously you've some -- many searches, it sounds like, from what you have -- what you and your colleagues, and then you've U.S. Attorney's have said about your efforts to segregate documents based on the lawyers and law firms that are identified by the information provided by the defendants and

entities related to the defendants.

So, you know, you've processed the materials, but I don't have a handle on what you think is what you've covered or what you think remains to be covered. And then these two broad swaths of documents maybe, or not. I'm not really sure.

Ones that fall under the immigration category.

Ones that the crime broad exception applies, and just to get a heads up on what else you see.

I'm trying to make this a working conference. This is really -- so cut to the chase. Let's --

MS. JONES: Your Honor, it's very difficult to be discussing -- for the taint team to be discussing some of these issues which have been raised and briefed by the prosecution team, because they relate to legal issues and they relate to the legal -- to the facts of the case rather than the content of the material that we're looking at.

So I think the idea with the motions that the trial team has raised, and they've asked for oral argument on those if there is a question about it, relate to assertions of privilege that they do not think have a basis in law, which related to the joint representation and the common interest for the immigration documents.

THE COURT: The two theories under the immigration, right.

MS. JONES: And so if that was resolved on the law, which when the government has taken the position that that privilege is the burden on the defendant and they haven't met that burden to show that that privilege would exist where there are these three parties to a communication, the potential visa applicant, the potential, I guess, employers, or Ms. Bronfman in certain circumstances, and the attorney, that is a legal issue and that would deal with, you know, I think several hundred documents if it was just like determined if those documents that fall in that category are not privileged.

Let's put that aside.

THE COURT: But don't put it aside yet because my question is, how do I make that decision abstractly because it seems like there's a lot of different pieces to that.

So there are various people and the entities involved, and your -- the working theory, if drafted by the trial team, seems to be a couple of things.

One, that there are -- there's not an alignment of interest between Ms. Bronfman and the parties who she's helping, so that there is no common interest and there is no joint representation. But the materials that are described are ones that are not privileged.

So you know, I understand you're saying they developed the argument. From what I can tell, they developed

the argument based on information they have seen.

But for me to have this -- how do you analyze this without actually looking at a document, right? Because it seems like there's variations, right?

There are different entities that are involved.

There's different party -- or not parties. There's different individuals who are the potential beneficiaries of the immigration benefits. Obviously, much of the discussion is about MV.

But without looking at something and saying, okay, well, this is -- this is purely hypothetical, but this is Ms. Bronfman, she's working with this entity which she retained.

She's doing it in her capacity as an officer of this entity, so you have that relationship, and then you have whomever, because it's not completely clear to me that everyone who the government is speculating there are documents about, what their status is. Are they employees?

And obviously there's this email about MV, which has the sort of, I think it's the tripartite theory, you know, which they're saying, well maybe we could, you know, get a visa under this, or maybe we could get a visa under that, or maybe under this, right?

But without looking and saying, you know, who is the -- what's Ms. Bronfman's role, what is she doing in the communication, who is she communicating with, and what -- who

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is or what is the other party that would be benefitting from
the immigration status that they're, you know, seeking to
achieve, it seems like, I mean, to go to the most basic, it's
like, what's the case or controversy? I don't even know --
          MS. JONES: Your Honor --
          THE COURT: -- what we're talking about.
          So that's my concern. I know I -- maybe I'm
responsible for a little bit of this mess because I, you
know, asked that question, whether there were some
overarching theories. But --
          MS. JONES: Your Honor, let me -- I'd like to
separate two different categories of documents within that
category.
          I think what you're talking about is that there may
be -- there may be situations where Ms. Bronfman, in her
capacity as a member of one organization or another, has
counsel. And she's communicating directly with her counsel
about immigration related matters for --
          THE COURT: Or the entity's counsel.
          MS. JONES: -- potential employees.
          THE COURT: Depending.
          MS. JONES: Right?
          THE COURT: Uh-huh.
          MS. JONES: And I don't -- I think that that may be
something where we can think about whether or not there's
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more of a case by case analysis, depending on what the company is and what the attorney is, and who they're talking about.

However, I think what -- and again, I'm very uncomfortable arguing this on behalf of the trial team because they made this motion.

But I think that what they are talking about are situations where there is a visa applicant also in the communications, which they say, that is a -- and even if there was an attorney -- a valid attorney/client privilege between Ms. Bronfman or her entity and the attorney, putting the visa applicant on it destroys that privilege.

And alternatively, if there is an attorney/client privilege between the visa applicant and an attorney, even if that attorney sometimes also represents Ms. Bronfman in other situations, but that attorney is representing the applicant, and then they forward those emails or communications to Ms. Bronfman, that three-part thing is what I think the trial team is arguing in their papers. That's a waiver, and that there is no common interest.

As a matter of law, there is no -- and there's no joint defense as a matter of law that would preserve the privilege in that three-party situation.

THE COURT: So the problem I have with -- that might be correct in some circumstances.

So just by way of hypotheticals, and I don't know what these documents are, it would seem to me that depending on the kind of application for an immigration benefit, one we're contemplating.

So if you thought about something that was hypothetically -- and each one would be a visa, right? The model for that is, there's no American who can do the job.

And so in that situation, what the company has to do is advertise for the job and go through a whole -- the whole effort of trying to hire somebody.

And then, you know, the thought is, we can't find somebody or the potential visa applicant is the most qualified person of all of that.

So in that, the employer has certain obligations to the Department of Labor, and then following on to the immigration authorities with regard to really the U.S. labor market, and then our best candidate, and then the applicant, whether he or she is otherwise qualified.

You could see there, there is a spectrum of interest and they may not be on the same page. And it may not be that they have the same legal interest, because maybe you are the best candidate, but you have a criminal record, you have -- you overstayed. You know, there's some problem.

And so, you know, you don't necessarily want to tell your employer, your punitive employer. Anyway, each of

them may have separate interests, even though maybe they at other points have a common interest.

But take a family, right? I mean, a husband and wife. So if a U.S. spouse is sponsoring someone from — they marry someone from another country, that visa, those two are so entwined that you would expect them to have the same counsel. I mean, the family story is the family story. Those two are not adverse. They have no separate obligations to the United States.

So just using it as -- those two as an example, or examples of how in an immigration context, the particulars matter as to whether the parties' interests align, so it's not -- it can't just be we have two individuals and a lawyer, and that blows the privilege. You know.

So without looking at the documents or knowing more about what was being done with regard to the immigration process, I'm not sure how -- how do you make the decision with regard to whether there is or isn't a -- either of the possibilities or the theories that's being offered.

And so, you know, that -- I hear what you're saying is that you didn't write the brief, but how do I have that conversation with the trial team? They don't know what the documents are.

MS. JONES: No. But again, some of these are legal issues, which would cut through, I think. That was the idea,

1 was that hopefully we could cut through like doing --2 THE COURT: I'm still looking for a way to cut 3 I'm just hoping it's with you and -through. MS. JONES: Your Honor --4 THE COURT: -- and you all who know much more about 5 what the documents actually are. 6 7 And, you know, obviously, one of the strands of 8 this whole analysis is, you know, do we get to the point 9 where there need to be in camera review. And I'm trying to 10 figure that out. So --MS. JONES: Well, Your Honor, let me back up and 11 12 just give you kind of like a, like a -- what our position is 13 on the documents and what we have been doing. Okay? So right now we have in our -- we have like a taint 14 15 database of documents that are segregated away from the 16 prosecution team, that just the taint team has access to. And I think everybody agrees, and counsel for Bronfman 17 agreed to this in her response to government's memo on the 18 19 privilege issues, that many of these documents are not 20 privileged. 21 And so the priority of the taint team has been 22 trying to figure out ways to quickly identify things that 23 everybody agrees are not privileged and try to toss them over 24 to the prosecution team.

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that the Raniere communication?

MS. JONES: Well, for example, they gave us those charts of who represented who and what was the scope of the representation, and there were some specific notations where a party may have said, we're not asserting privilege over this, or we're not asserting privilege over that.

So we have attempted to do searches to go through the documents we have to identify all those.

And then, we're not just saying, okay, now we're going to give them to the prosecution team. We have been doing a process where we send the list to the defense counsel of, these are all the documents --

THE COURT: Right.

MS. JONES: -- document by document that we've marked as not privileged either because it appeared that they already had agreed they were not privileged, or it looked from the face as we were clicking through documents, that they weren't privileged. And then they've gotten back to us and for the most part to say, we agree or we disagree.

So we've done that twice so far, where we've identified a little over 2,000 documents which we -- which appeared to be not privileged to us. And they've gotten back to us.

The first round, I think, was the less controversial one because we were really just relying on

their charts as to like what is and is not within the scope.

And that, we're down to like I think about 30 documents that are in dispute as -- between the parties as to whether or not they're privileged.

For the second tranche where --

THE COURT: All right. So that -- just so I -- the first tranche you've -- you agree, except for about 30 documents --

MS. JONES: Yeah. Out of about 1,000.

THE COURT: -- and this is based on -- okay.

MS. JONES: Okay. And that took like -- you know, it was over Christmas and New Year's, but it did take like several weeks, particularly since a lot of the privilege asserted belonged to NXIVM, and they had to get involved in the process and that took -- that delayed things a little bit.

The second tranche, I mean, we've also had conversations where they've made clear to us that they're waiting for us to designate things as not privileged.

And so, I'm really not going to even -- I have asked some questions, and I have gotten some responses, but it basically has been kind of like, the burden is on you to go through these and tell us what you think is not privileged.

So for the second one we are $\ensuremath{\text{--}}$ we put things that

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I think are a little bit more -- there's not as much agreement. So with the second set of documents, there were about 1,200 that we sent over, and right now --
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THE COURT: Is it 1,200 pages, 1,200 documents?

MS. JONES: Twelve hundred documents.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. JONES: And so those 1,200 documents, there are about 330 that counsel for Bronfman has disputed that they're -- says that they're privileged, despite our -- we're thinking that they're not.

And then counsel for Raniere initially told us about 140 were not privileged, but has come back and I think has narrowed it down to like 30 to 40.

Counsel for Bronfman has given us some explanations as to -- again, this is a bit of a slow process. Like, after she gave us the list, about a week later she gave us the explanations as to why she thinks these documents are still privileged. And we're still waiting for that explanation from Keith Raniere.

And there has -- with the first set, there was a little bit of a back and forth and we both changed positions where we agreed on a couple, they agreed on a couple.

And for the second set, I think there will probably be a little bit of that too. But I think there are probably about 10 different areas right now where there is a dispute

between the parties as to whether or not documents are privileged.

And I'm not going to talk about content, but there are like some overarching legal issues that I think it's just going to come down to a matter of law.

For example, there are a lot of oral common interest agreements that are being asserted as to whether or not something is privileged.

Counsel for Bronfman has told me that her position is based on case law that the legal interest has to be similar, not identical.

There are other case law cases in this district, in this circuit, in this district that are more recent that say, no, they have to be identical.

So there is this like, legal issue, common interest, identical or similar, what's good enough, and where do these documents fall in.

Again, we have the immigration documents. There are a lot of those. And then we have some large categories of documents for like the 330 that are currently in dispute with Ms. Bronfman, about half of them I think the dispute will come down to whether or not a party is being retained for legal services or for some other services, primarily like something that's beyond the scope of legal representation but more like public relations.

So we have like -- we'll have arguments about is this, is this in aid of an attorney's representation and to provide legal vision, or is this -- is this a PR campaign.

So we -- I think what we can do is what we will do is we can go back to defense counsel and say, of these documents that are currently in dispute -- and again we're waiting for counsel for Raniere to clarify which ones they really are disputing -- we can say, this is where like kind of we are not in agreement and it appears we may not be able to work it out.

So we can start putting together categories of incamera documents that they can raise for you for in-camera review and explain why they think it's privileged.

I think once we have some preliminary decisions on some of those, it may address other documents that have not yet been reviewed.

THE COURT: Are you proposing you're going to do that, or the -- I mean --

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MS.}}$ JONES: I could tell them this is where we do not agree.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. JONES: So the privilege -- the burden is on you to support that the documents are privileged.

So we can -- I can certainly provide a framework of, these are the documents, and these are the areas that we

have a, like a dispute, and this is kind of the basis for the dispute.

And they can decide, are we -- do we want to find that? Are we going to put this before the judge and argue that these documents are in fact privileged.

THE COURT: Okay. Just to go back to my immigration category.

So you're saying the -- does the trial team's brief cover the disputes related to the immigration documents which appear to be a subset of the about 330 documents?

MS. JONES: There are, let's see, I think there are about -- to be honest, Your Honor, when we realized that this was hopefully going to be resolved on a legal ground, we did not focus on immigration matters.

We do have about 40 documents right now that we have on our sheets that we said, these are not privileged.

They say they are privileged. So we do have like a sampling.

But it's not all of them because we were kind of hoping that this would be resolved on the law, and we wouldn't have to do it document by document.

But I think there is — there is probably enough documents that if you wanted to get like a flavor of like, what are we talking about here, then there are enough documents that are marked that you could certainly go through, you know, go through them and see them.

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                  THE COURT: Okay. So that's -- so set A, you have
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        about 30 that are in dispute. Set B, for tranche B, Bronfman
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        has about 330, Raniere 30 or 40, and then --
                  MS. CASSIDY: Your Honor, I think it -- if you
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        count, or if you just counted unique --
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                  THE COURT: Are they overlapping?
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                  MS. CASSIDY: -- email chains, there are many, many
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        duplicates, and there are many documents within the 330 that
        are pieces of an email chain.
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                  MS. JONES: Right.
                  MS. CASSIDY: So we estimate that it's really about
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        82 unique email chains.
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                  MS. JONES: That may be correct. And, Your Honor,
        when I say 322, that includes both tranches 1 and 2.
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                  THE COURT: Okay.
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                  MS. JONES: I combined them and --
                  THE COURT: Okay.
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                  MS. JONES: -- so, so 322 for Bronfman.
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                  And Ms. Cassidy is correct. There are a lot of
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        duplicates but they come up on our searches that way and we
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        just click and move on.
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                  THE COURT: All right. Just, you know, this is a
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        case where we've been talking about gigabytes and terabytes,
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        so I just want to know where you are.
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                  MS. JONES: Yeah.
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                  THE COURT: All right.
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                  MS. JONES: And then for Mr. -- for Defendant
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        Raniere, it's a much smaller number, but I don't know what it
        is because it hasn't been finalized yet.
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                  THE COURT: Okay.
                  MS. CASSIDY: I'll just add that it's about, I
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        think, 30 to 40 emails, but I think three or four email
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        chains.
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                  THE COURT: Okay.
                  MS. JONES: And, Your Honor, as you can see, like
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        this is, this is only like 2,000 documents out of like
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        67,000.
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                  And I think that number will go down a lot for --
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        there's like -- there is a pile of documents in there that
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        hopefully will get moved out and won't be part of this
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        process.
                  But there are, at least, I think, 30 to 40,000
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        documents that we still need to review. So this is not going
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        to be -- it's not like this is going to resolve everything.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. Hold that thought for one
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        second.
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                  So there's these two tranches. Is there another,
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        or are there other groups that you know about, or you haven't
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        had a chance to dig in yet and say, we think there's another
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3,000 that -- I'm making up the numbers, you know -- 2,000,

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3,000 that fall into this category and this category, besides the one that you just mentioned that might get moved up?

MS. JONES: Your Honor, I can't really say that there is because we try to get like a good -- I mean, we're continually reviewing documents, but we like to get like a good number together to send over to defense counsel so they can like, click through them and make -- like agree or not agree so we can move them, move them out.

So that process of like basically document by document, this is what we think, this is what you think, we agree, we disagree, we're back and forth, and then it does — it takes a while which is why this is — we're concerned about the trial date.

THE COURT: As am I. That's why --

MS. JONES: We're also concerned --

THE COURT: -- we're here.

MS. JONES: -- about like, we have been trying to do the easy calls first, the ones we think that there's not going to be dispute, that where we can see that there seems to be like a waiver because people are on documents who shouldn't be.

But we are trying to, you know, try to figure out how to do smart searches so we can -- we may not get through everything, so we want to focus on the things that look like it's not going to be easy either. Easy calls are things that

like look like they're really important.

THE COURT: So given the trial date, what's your -MS. JONES: We're just moving as fast as we can,
Your Honor, which is why we were hoping that we could resolve

5 some of these legal issues.

And then with these, if we could get through — hopefully, let's do this in-camera process, and then once we get to some decisions, then hopefully that will make it — there will be less back and forth because we will know this is what the Court has ruled and we can get on the same page and just move forward.

Or maybe we'll be able to work some things out. I don't know.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. Your thoughts on how do this and -- well, generally.

MS. CASSIDY: You know, I think, Your Honor, you articulated a lot of the concerns that we have about the process.

I mean, I think fundamentally this is a document specific analysis, particularly in the area of immigration and it's not possible to cut through this with a one -- you know, with a legal ruling in the abstract.

There are endless variations of, you know, Ms. Bronfman is the head of for and the Executive Board of NXIVM, and this is a NXIVM employee, and the type of visa, or

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        another entity that she is working on behalf of. And I don't
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        think it's possible to do that without looking at the
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        documents.
                  I do not believe -- the second tranche, I think,
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        has a few immigration documents, but my sense is the vast
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        majority of immigration documents are not within either of
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        those first two tranches. So we haven't really --
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                  THE COURT: Why not?
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                  MS. JONES: Oh, they're --
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- dealt with those.
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                  MS. JONES: I mean, again, we've been --
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                  THE COURT: You pushed it to the side.
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                  MS. JONES: -- tabling those.
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                  THE COURT: Right.
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                  MS. CASSIDY: Right.
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                  THE COURT: Do you have enough to have a sampling
        for the immigration?
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                  MS. JONES: We can -- we can look at what we have
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        and we can try to focus on the -- in our next like -- we can
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        try to focus on pulling out ones that we think are good
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        examples.
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                  So we can try to do that and then send them over to
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        defense counsel separately and just say, what's your position
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        on these? Privileged? Not privileged?
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And so far I think they've basically been, for the

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most part, saying it's privileged.

THE COURT: Right. And then the crime fraud exception argument? Does that add to --

MS. JONES: Your Honor, the current fraud exceptions to a large part depend on the facts of the investigation, which AUSA Pillmar and I are not a part of.

Like, the arguments about -- and that were put in the memo about, you know, someone has been living in the United States for an X amount of time and the statements in her application that she'd been complying with immigration laws are not true, that is something that is like, beyond the scope of what the taint team can do. I mean, we can --

THE COURT: I guess I still don't understand that because how do I get to -- okay.

So just again, sort of you know, glossing over the details, right. So the overall theory that there were a variety of efforts to intimidate, threaten, harass, you know, many, many people, sort of, you know, sort of the one thread that runs through this case.

And just taking the example that's here, these -the drafts of letter, you know, emails, letters that are then
-- I don't really understand what it is, but these letters
that are sent from seemingly from Mexican attorneys.

I mean, how -- without looking at the documents that are the ones that the privilege would be waived by this,

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how -- I don't know how to make that connection. So, you know, I understand what you're saying, right? They have the big picture. They know what all the documents that have become public, or at least been released to the, you know, all the parties here.
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But without looking at a document, which is something that the trial team can't do until the decision is made, how do you make these decisions? I mean, I --

MS. JONES: Well, Your Honor, some of --

THE COURT: -- I'm not sure.

MS. JONES: -- some of these -- I would say that nothing that we've discussed here today contains privileged content. There is no reason why the prosecution team shouldn't be here. I mean, I --

THE COURT: Okay. But what are the -- so, you can tell me what they're going to tell me.

MS. JONES: And so, and when I -- in other cases where there has been dispute about privilege, the prosecution team, the trial team is perfectly able to litigate those issues that relate to the law without seeing the documents here.

Again, to the extent that we need to do an incamera process and we need to talk about specific documents, we are here and that's our job, and we are ready to do it.

But to the extent that there's litigation about

like, is there a valid, you know, attorney/client relationship that common interest would apply, which you know, was litigated in the FIFA case, and there was a hearing and the trial team handled that hearing, and to the extent that there was anything relied on, I think specific documents that's handled in camera, outside the presence of the public or the trial team, and that can be dealt with.

But the fact that whether or not there is an attorney/client relationship, the scope of that relationship, the -- what waives or what doesn't waive that relationship, those are not privileged in of themselves, and there's no reason why even if they are not taking the lead, that the prosecution team isn't more involved in what's going on right here today.

MS. CASSIDY: Your Honor, this is exactly what puts us sort of in a bind is that the prosecution team argues, well, there's crime fraud. They haven't seen the documents. They haven't articulated what communications are in furtherance of a supposed crime or fraud. And then we are trying to respond in the abstract.

I mean, there are, you know, hundreds or if not thousands of emails with the attorneys that they have said, oh, okay, these Mexican attorneys, that's a crime of fraud.

I mean, am I -- I don't think I'm the one who should be putting forth saying -- I assume you're saying that

this document is --

THE COURT: Yeah, I mean, the crime fraud is a little bit of a challenge here right, because most of this has been up to the defendant to say that it's privileged. But the breach of the privilege by acts of criminal acts would be really from the government.

So I just --

MS. CASSIDY: And that is the --

THE COURT: But I don't, I mean, I just -- sorry if I'm, you know, have a mental block on this.

I don't understand how I could make an assessment about a particular document without seeing the document on the group of documents that the government is saying there's a crime fraud exception.

Because are you saying, okay, look, there were these -- what's in here, right? There is this email -- the email with the drafts, and then seemingly sent by Mexican attorneys.

And okay, because these letters were sent, any communications involving these lawyers are -- must be the crime fraud? I don't know how you can say that.

I mean, I don't know what the -- I have no idea what these lawyers did except for what's being suggested here. So, I don't know. Maybe they're real estate lawyers. Maybe they're -- maybe they incorporated company.

I mean, I don't know what they did, and without looking at the document, how do I know that that was in furtherance of a criminal act?

I mean, it's already hard to read the documents that are here. I don't even really understand them because if you -- I mean, I'll just tell you what my sort of take/question is, right.

So there is the opening -- of course I can't find it as I try to say it. But there is the opening paragraph, which seems very confusing, suggesting that the author is the prosecutor, I guess is what this is supposed to be.

But then the rest of it, I mean, people send cease and desist letters all the time, and it doesn't mean that there is any -- that that's a crime. That that's harassment.

I mean, you know, people hate getting them and they argue, but so what? I mean, it's just, it's not a crime in and of itself.

Now maybe to, I guess Ms. Jones your point, you know, maybe the trial team could put it in a more of a context of the overall acts that are alleged here, and so then contextually it would have more significance.

The most problematic line in these letters, I don't know, at least from just reading all of this is, now for example I'm looking at 256-3, you know, I'm the chief attorney of a criminal investigation in Mexico, you know, et

cetera. That's the draft, and then the letter has that sentence in it. Anyway --

MS. JONES: Your Honor, the trial team has asked for oral argument on this motion.

 $\label{eq:and_sum} \text{And again, AUSA Pillmar and I, we are not part of }$ the litigation team.

That's the whole point of us, is that we're supposed to be separate and apart from them and focusing on the review of the documents.

So to the extent that there -- you want our oral argument on this motion --

THE COURT: No, what I want to know is, how do I make a decision and take the arguments that are being made, which is a serious argument that the lawyers were engaged in criminal activity, and make a decision about that based on the documents that the trial team has, when we don't -- the trial team does not know what the documents are?

Now maybe the answer is some permutation of what we have talked about, which is you give me the documents, I have a conversation or oral argument, whatever it is, you know, with the trial team, and I piece it together.

But it's hard to get it -- to get what defense counsel's view is, you know, if it's -- you know, their -- I don't know. I don't know what the right word is.

But if you can't speak freely because you're like,

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okay, half my brain can talk to Ms. Jones because she knows all this, and my other have, you know, can talk to Ms. Penza because she knows that. But the twain shall never meet. all right.

I mean, I'm trying to tell you what the practical problem seems to be from my side, you know, my perspective. So I'm open to hearing whatever your suggestions are, and I think, you know --

MS. JONES: Your Honor, I think we need to start moving documents to an in-camera review for you.

So I think what we will do is we will give the defense counsel our final list of like, we have like considered their statements that these are, in fact, privileged, we'll confirm it, and we'll say look, these are where we are in dispute.

And because we are in dispute about what the law is on privilege and how that applies to these particular documents, and then we'll just -- and then I think that it will be upon the defendants to justify to you why these particular documents are privileged.

THE COURT: Okay. So that will be for tranche -what I'm going to call tranche A and tranche B.

MS. JONES: Yes. And we will try to identify additional immigration documents to --

THE COURT: Okay.

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                  MS. JONES: -- include within that, so that there
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        is a more of a sampling.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. So I think that is the way to
        go. Defendant, do you disagree?
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                  MS. CASSIDY: And I would be --
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                  THE COURT: Or do you have a different suggestion?
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                  MS. CASSIDY: No. Would that be in a submission to
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        the Court, that these are the documents that we believe that
        there is a dispute on?
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                  THE COURT: You all are going to have a
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        conversation.
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                  MS. JONES: No, we are going to -- we are going to
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        tell you, these are the ones we do not agree with your
        privilege designation. And then you provide the
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        justification to the Court as to why these are privileged.
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                  MS. CASSIDY: As long as that does not involve the
        documents that are -- that they're arguing are subject to
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        crime fraud, I'm okay with that procedure.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. So I think -- so to me there's
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        two big pieces here, right? One is your assertion of
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        privilege. So that's what we're talking about right now.
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                  MS. CASSIDY: Correct.
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                  THE COURT: And I think at least a sampling would
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        work. And, you know, maybe for some of these it's not even
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        really that much. You know, it sounds like a lot because
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it's the email chains, but --

MS. JONES: But I think we should get some legal precedent sort of going, and then we'll see -- then I think hopefully that will help expedite further review if we know that this is -- we had this disagreement, but it's been resolved and now we have to move forward.

THE COURT: So I think that's true on all the ones that are the assertion of privilege. It may be that you need some details filled in that only the trial team has. Maybe you have to get them from the crime fraud. This I have a harder time thinking about how this happens, because this is a burden on you.

MS. CASSIDY: Right.

THE COURT: Because you're suggesting that it's the exception, and yet you're saying that the trial team is the group that knows about it, and yet they can't look at the documents. And I mean, what do I say?

Even hypothetically I say, okay, those attachments to these submissions on privilege, yeah, that looks like a crime.

What does that do, except if there are other versions of this? You know, there is enough of a showing to say that we should -- that there's some kind of waiver. But what does that mean?

And then I take other documents and I say, oh look,

those are other iterations of letters sent to -- I'm making this up. I have no idea if this happened.

But look, you know, these letters -- these are similar letters that were sent to other individuals with a similar kind of, in quote, threat.

So but, you know, it seems like the -- I'm not sure, but reading the brief seems like the trial team would like the crime fraud exception to have a bigger impact. And you don't know.

MS. CASSIDY: Right. I mean --

THE COURT: Because -- go ahead. Sorry.

MS. CASSIDY: Yeah. My sense is that the taint team's job is to look at the documents and see if there's a basis to overcome the privilege.

And one of those basis could be crime fraud. I don't think they need all of the information that the prosecution team has in order to make that application to the Court.

MS. JONES: Your Honor, that's not how crime fraud works.

It's like, yes, if a document looked like on its face, you know, client A is writing to a lawyer, hey, I'm committing a crime, you help me, that's fine.

But without knowing like what the actual -- the facts are behind the case, like a lawyer -- crime fraud can

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        apply even if a lawyer isn't aware of that he's furthering
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        the crime.
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                  So the fact that there is -- if a crime has been
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        committed and these are communications are being used as part
        of that then it doesn't really -- like, you may not
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        necessarily see from the face of an email that -- or realize
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 7
        the significance if you don't know the bigger picture of what
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        actually --
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                  THE COURT: Right.
                  MS. JONES: -- what the crime is.
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                  THE COURT: So this is your point, if I -- this
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        question about the trial team is the better able, more
12
        informed for contextualizing the communications.
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                  MS. JONES: Right, and --
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                  THE COURT: But without having the communications,
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        which they're not allowed to do, how do they do that?
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                  MS. JONES: Well, I think they managed to already
        show you that it appeared that a crime has been committed,
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19
        and --
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                  MS. CASSIDY: Your Honor, if I may just add one
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        thing?
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                  THE COURT: We haven't had that conversation yet.
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                  MS. CASSIDY: I don't think they've even alleged
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        what crime it would be.
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                  THE COURT: Yeah. I'm not --
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MS. CASSIDY: They're just saying crime fraud.

They're saying threats of harassment, and there's no
allegation of a crime. And I've been involved in crime fraud
litigation before. There's an allegation of an actual crime
that's been committed.

MS. JONES: And they should be here to be making these arguments. Why are we dealing with this? This is like -- this is a litigation matter.

THE COURT: Okay. I understand, Ms. Jones, you don't like this position that you're in, but this is -- the difficulty is, you're the one -- or you and your colleague, and whoever is doing whichever -- are the ones who have seen the documents.

And without that knowledge, I don't know how one makes an informed statement about the documents, unless they are very similar.

So yes, of course, Ms. Penza, Ms. Hajjar, whoever else is working on the team could come in here and hopefully, you know, bring me up to speed with what you all have developed as your evidence theory that you, you know, have shared with the defendants and, you know, could be on the public record.

And I, you know, I agree with you that there is the possibility that there might -- you know, something might seem -- these are my words, but I think those are -- so

anyway, seem innocuous until you understand, well, you know, this is person A who -- you know, something had happened, they've been threatened, they were the victim, they were whatever, and now when you add some kind of communication on top of that it has a different significance than you know, if it just went to somebody who was not part of all of that.

Or to take a totally different kind of example, in other, you know say, in drug cases, often a lot of things are said in code.

And, you know, without somebody to give you essentially the translation, I wouldn't know what the -- it would seem like, you know, I mean you -- I'm sure you probably have all seen these kinds of things where they look like almost like recipes.

Like, you know, there will be a communication like, I'd like to order, you know, a pound of beef and pound of pork.

And you think, all right, well you know, is that a recipe for you know, dinner? Or no, what they're actually doing is ordering drugs, right? You know, there's a lot of that kind of thing going on.

So, yes, there are many communications that I might need the context for. But without somebody who's seen the document speaking to it, especially when the burden is on the government, I feel I'm a little bit uncertain as to how this

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can happen. I'm not opposed to hearing from your colleagues on this.

What I wanted to do today was to try to see if we could cut to the chase on some of this with some helpful information from individuals who have, you know, seen the documents.

MS. JONES: Well, I think we can move forward with the procedure we discussed about the --

THE COURT: On the first -- yeah, the one, point one, which is these various claims of privilege and your -- so it would be, you know, helpful to, in a minute, talk about a time line. But crime fraud?

I mean, an oral argument based on this will fill in some gaps but $\ensuremath{\mathsf{--}}$

MS. CASSIDY: Your Honor, it's also --

THE COURT: -- I really don't know.

MS. CASSIDY: It's not the case that the taint team has no context. I mean, they have obviously read the government's brief, so they know what it is that they're looking for. And then they have seen the privilege documents.

So I don't really understand why they wouldn't make

-- be in the position to make an argument to Your Honor that

they think that crime fraud is, you know, vitiates from

privilege with respect to certain documents.

MS. JONES: Your Honor, we have -- I have read the briefs. But, you know, we are not participating in the witness interviews, we're not reviewing the other documents that, you know, they're focusing on for trial. We're not participating in the trial preparation. We're just focusing on this.

THE COURT: All right, well --

MS. CASSIDY: I mean, you're sort of saying that neither half of the government can meet its burden on crime fraud. So --

THE COURT: Look, I mean, you know, I've spent the last 15 minutes basically saying that. So this is the government's burden.

And so maybe what makes sense, talk about the schedule for the other documents, and then for you as the taint team, to talk to your colleagues and if you think that the way to get the information that would provide some more context that would be helpful in the motion is just to come back here and, you know, have them speak.

And then, you know, maybe that will make this a pure question of law. I'm skeptical, given what the issue is, but -- and the submission that's been made.

But, you know, I don't know. Maybe they have helpful information that they could share that would help with this.

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                  If not, I really don't know -- I don't know where
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        we would go after that.
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                  Okay. So in terms of the timing, so I think the
        next step is -- or it's really maybe amplifying what you've
 4
        already done, is for the taint team to -- oh, well I think --
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        I'm sorry. You said you were waiting for some responses?
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                  MS. JONES: We don't have a final list from
 8
        Defendant Raniere --
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                  THE COURT: Right. Raniere. Okay.
                  MS. JONES: -- as to what documents he's asserting
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11
        privilege over.
                  THE COURT: Okay. So I know you're only hearing --
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        I don't know, you're sitting on the back bench, not on a
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        microphone.
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                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Sitting in the back here.
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                  THE COURT: Not technically appearing, but what's
        the schedule that you think that --
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                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I went through yesterday --
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                  THE COURT: -- you can do?
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                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: -- and a lot of the
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        documents I originally marked as privileged, I no longer
22
        marked as privileged.
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                  I am waiting on just -- it's about 30 emails, but
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        three email chains that I have to go over with my client, and
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        today was the first time I could see him.
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                  THE COURT: Right. Because there --
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                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: We have another appearance
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        tomorrow, so I could imagine that I get this done by
        Thursday.
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 5
                  THE COURT: Okay. And is the delay because of
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        the --
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                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Yes.
                  THE COURT: -- difficulties with the MDC?
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 9
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I have not been able to see
10
        him since Sunday. Whatever this -- not this last -- the
        27th.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. All right. So you're going to
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        get back as quickly as you can, but you think by the end of
13
        the week?
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15
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thursday morning.
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                  THE COURT: Okay.
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I can imagine Thursday.
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                  THE COURT: All right. So that will be Raniere.
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19
        What about Ms. Bronfman's documents?
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                  MS. JONES: So we have gone back -- like we've gone
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        back and forth, and you know, as I've said, we've got a total
        of 322.
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                  We haven't gone through with the second tranche, we
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        haven't gone back to look again and take a second look out of
        the ones she is arguing are privileged.
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So we'll do that and figure out if we are -- want to, you know, rethink our position based on the explanation she's provided as to why it's privileged.

And then we will tell her, we will try to give her an answer by Monday as to what we are not going to agree on, and we will also try to get her before then, an additional set of immigration documents.

It won't be all of them, but we'll try to get through a number of them so then she can come back and say whether or not she disagrees with our not privileged designation.

And then we'll have a list of -- these are the documents in dispute, and then she can provide a copy of them to you in-camera with an explanation, which we should be copied on the explanation so we can argue, because I think there are going to be legal disputes as to what -- whether or not they're privileged -- whether or not these documents are privileged.

And I think it will come down to are these in fact

-- is there a valid common interest agreement, or have they

met that burden, and whether or not certain documents fall

within the scope of her privilege.

So I think there will be like -- we would like to see what they submit to you and their arguments as to why they're privileged, respond, and then you can make your

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        determination after reviewing the documents.
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                  THE COURT: What's defendant's counsel's thought
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        about that?
                  MS. JONES: Oh, also, I want to raise that a lot of
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        these are going to be NXIVM's privilege, so it's not clear to
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        me whether or not Ms. Bronfman or Mr. Sullivan is going to be
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 7
        making the submission to you.
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                  Your Honor, I mean, I don't object to providing the
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        taint team with my explanation of why it's privileged, or
        case law on why it's privileged.
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                  If I'm going to go beyond what's already in the
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        document and reveal additional privileged information that
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        would support my argument, you know, and my burden of
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        establishing the privilege, then I do think that that should
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        just be made ex parte.
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                  MS. JONES: I thought that was the whole point of
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        us.
                  MS. CASSIDY: Well, you know, I don't know what --
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19
                  THE COURT: Privileged information that's not --
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- whether there's information
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21
        that --
                  THE COURT: -- in the documents.
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23
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- flows between the taint team and
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        the prosecution team. I mean, it certainly seems like --
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                  THE COURT: It's supposed to be a one-way street.
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                  MS. JONES: And it is, Your Honor.
 2
                  THE COURT: Them to you, not you to them. Except
 3
        for asking questions about information.
                  MS. CASSIDY: Them to -- the taint team to me.
 4
 5
                  THE COURT: No, the --
                  MS. CASSIDY: The prosecution team.
 6
 7
                  THE COURT: -- information should be going from the
 8
        trial team to the taint team, and the only thing going from
 9
        the taint team to the trial team, until a question of
        privilege is resolved, is possibly a solicitation of
10
        information.
11
12
                  Okay. So you're saying -- I mean, where are you?
                  MS. CASSIDY: I mean, I'd have to see the
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14
        documents to see what they're challenging and, you know,
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        where we come out on this.
                  THE COURT: All right. Yeah. I guess we can
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        reserve on that, whether --
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                  MS. CASSIDY: Yeah.
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                  THE COURT: All right. But what, in terms of a
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        time line? You're suggesting -- the government is suggesting
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        that --
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                  MS. CASSIDY: Suggesting they'll give us --
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                  THE COURT: The list.
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                  MS. CASSIDY: -- the list by Monday. I would say by
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        the following Monday.
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                  THE COURT: Okay. I'm sorry, let me go back, Ms.
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        Jones. Will that include the immigration in your list? At
 3
        least some?
                  MS. JONES: At least some.
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 5
                  THE COURT:
                             Okay.
                  MS. JONES: I don't know if we'll get through all
 6
 7
        the immigration documents.
 8
                  There are a number of them, but we definitely try
        to mark some more immigration documents so we can have a
 9
        bigger selection to -- for you to review.
10
                  THE COURT: Okay. And so just I mean, you're free,
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12
        the 18th is the holiday I think, right? Isn't that
13
        President's Day? Yeah.
                  And then is there a suggestion that right then
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15
        you'll just give me the documents that you disagree about?
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                  MS. CASSIDY: Yes.
17
                  THE COURT: Okay. All right.
                  So that will be an ex parte submission. You'll
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19
        have to see.
20
                  I mean, I guess the taint team can see some,
21
        possibly all of it.
22
                  Do you want to respond to that? Do you want to
23
        just have arguments?
24
                  MS. JONES: I do, Your Honor, because we have our
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        reasons why we've marked these as non-privileged, and we will
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 1
        have our reasons for why we haven't agreed with them when
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        they objected to it, because I think we just have a different
 3
        views on the law and how the privilege applies to these
        documents.
 4
 5
                  THE COURT: Okay. Given -- I mean, you should be
        able to give me that pretty quickly, right?
 6
 7
                  MS. JONES: After we get -- after we see what there
 8
        is --
 9
                  THE COURT: Yeah, but you already know why you
        think that they are privileged and what your different review
10
        is. Sorry, why they are not privileged in your different
11
12
        view.
13
                  MS. JONES: Uh-huh.
14
                  THE COURT: Just looking at a --
15
                  MS. CASSIDY: Your Honor, the Monday is the
16
        President's Day?
                  THE COURT: Uh-huh.
17
                  MS. CASSIDY: I might want to do it the Tuesday,
18
19
        just to be sure that I can confer with NXIVM counsel, because
        I don't know their -- I don't know his schedule.
20
21
                  THE COURT: All right. The government, if you have
22
        anything you want to say can you do it by Friday, the 22nd?
23
                  MS. JONES: Your Honor, can we have the following
24
        Monday? I just, that week is a holiday. It's for the --
25
                  THE COURT: Oh, the schools?
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1
                  MS. JONES: School is closed that entire week.
 2
                  THE COURT: And, you know, the downside of all of
 3
        this you're saying basically, you know, it's not going to be
        -- it's going to be three weeks before I get what you're
 4
        submitting. And what's your trial date again?
 5
                  MS. JONES: April --
 6
 7
                  MS. CASSIDY: April 29th.
 8
                  THE COURT: All right. So it basically gives you
 9
        two months.
                  MS. CASSIDY: But this is only on the first two
10
        tranches of documents --
11
12
                  THE COURT: I know.
13
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- and I assume there are many more.
14
                  I mean, I don't have a sense, I mean, from what
15
        they have said today, I assume that these are the only
16
        documents that they've gone through document by document.
                  I don't know whether there's a whole -- you know,
17
        are there 10,000 documents that they can say, okay, we agree
18
        those are privileged. We're not discussing those.
19
20
                  I mean, I think it will be helpful to have some
21
        sense of how far -- how many more rounds of this --
22
                  THE COURT: I mean, that was sort of where we tried
23
        to start.
24
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- there might be.
25
                  MS. JONES: And, Your Honor, we've been -- our
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figure out like, what is not privileged here.

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focus is on identifying what's not privileged.

Not, you know, just trying to -- and if we see a document and it looks clearly privileged, we've been marking it privileged. But again, we're doing searches to try to
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And so we have identified what we have so far -- I mean, we do have like, I don't know how many more we have, like in the queue of what we've like continued to review and haven't sent over yet, but I think when we do this back and forth, that's kind of what we shift our focus to instead of --

MS. JONES: Look. I think there are about -- I think there are still about over 30,000 -- 35,000 documents I think that still have not been reviewed.

THE COURT: Do you have any approximation of --

THE COURT: I'm trying to understand. Reviewed means --

MS. JONES: That we've looked at it and we've marked it either privileged or not privileged.

THE COURT: Okay. What about --

MS. JONES: All right --

THE COURT: How many numbers are showing up in your searches that are, from your perspective, arguably not privileged? I mean, that's really -- right?

Because from defendant's perspective, they don't

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 1
        want to hear that a month from now and a month out from trial
 2
        or a month out, whatever that is, you know, two months out
 3
        from trial, that there's --
                  MS. JONES: Your Honor, they have --
 4
                  THE COURT: -- some enormous number.
 5
                  MS. JONES: They have all the documents we have.
 6
 7
        mean, it's not like we're sitting on them.
 8
                  Like, they are just as capable as we are as like
 9
        conducting searches to see what's in there. And I know it's
        they're not, they're saying --
10
                  THE COURT: Wait, they've asserted the privilege.
11
12
        They want to know what you disagree with, right?
                  MS. JONES: No, no, no. We are saying what's not
13
14
        privileged, and then they say whether or not they agree with
15
             They are not asserting privilege over anything.
16
                  THE COURT: I thought that was the whole
17
        segregation point.
                  MS. JONES: No.
18
19
                  THE COURT: These documents were segregated.
20
                  MS. JONES: They are segregated --
2.1
                  MS. CASSIDY: They're segregated as potentially --
22
                  THE COURT: And then --
23
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- privileged.
24
                  THE COURT: -- on the working assumption that the
25
        documents that involve various attorneys and law firms,
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there's a strong likelihood that those are privileged.

That's why they were segregated.

Now you're going through and saying, oh, the example you gave earlier, which is that, oh, there are other people on this chain so the privilege has been lost.

And then you identify those to them or whatever, crime fraud, or whatever the argument is that you're making. And then they're saying, no, you're incorrect about the waiver.

MS. JONES: No, Your Honor, these documents -
THE COURT: Or that, I'm sorry, they say there's a

privilege and it hasn't been lost. That sort of thing.

MS. JONES: These documents are potentially privileged just because of the search terms. So if anywhere in the document or the attachment, a lawyer's name appears, it's in our pile.

THE COURT: Right.

MS. JONES: So it's not -- they have made very clear that they have not asserted privilege over all these documents; that they're waiting for us to say what's not privileged so they can say whether or not they agree or not agree with it.

THE COURT: Okay. The practical point is, they don't want anything to be given to the trial team or the world if it is privileged.

And what I think, and you correct me if I'm wrong, your concern increasingly is, the closer you get to trial, you don't want to hear, oh, look, we don't think this group, despite the fact that there are these attorneys' names on it, or law firms' name on it, or domain names and all the other various permutations which you identified lawyers, those are not privileged, and now suddenly we have another whatever, one, two, three, however many thousand documents, or hundreds of documents that we have to deal with for trial.

MS. CASSIDY: That's correct.

THE COURT: And that's the practical consideration.

And whether the dance is, you know, you haven't asserted privilege but they have -- as I understand this exercise, the defendants have said, these are attorneys and law firms that our clients dealt with, and you segregated that because attorney/client privilege. And now you're doing the analysis of that.

So the point is, at what speed and with what degree of accuracy and breadth are you getting through your analysis. Right? Because --

MS. JONES: Your Honor, we're moving as quickly as we can with the resources that we have. And again --

THE COURT: Again, I will flag, and this is not your issue, the resources that you have has been something that's been a concern for me the whole time because it's a

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53
        big case with a lot of lawyers, a lot of defendants.
 1
 2
                  And if you can't do what you need to do, and I have
 3
        no idea whether you can or can't, then your office should be
        staffing this in a way that lets you do it.
 4
 5
                  That's really, you know -- and now, that's you
        know, a professional and an administrative decision for the
 6
 7
        US attorney's office to make. But --
 8
                  MS. CASSIDY: And just to that --
 9
                  THE COURT: -- it's been an issue along the way, if
        this is too much for anybody to do. But, okay. So --
10
                  MS. CASSIDY: Just to that point, Your Honor.
11
                  I mean, some of these documents that are in their
12
13
        queue to review, they were seized at the beginning of this
14
        year. And while they --
15
                  THE COURT: 2019.
16
                  MS. CASSIDY: No, sorry. The beginning of last
17
        year.
                  THE COURT: Yes.
18
19
                  MS. CASSIDY: The beginning of 2018.
                  And while I realize that, you know, they seized
20
21
        them from my client's email account, and she hadn't been
22
        indicted yet so they weren't going to ask me for a list of
23
        attorneys at that point, all of the documents seized from Ms.
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executed, so they could have asked her for a list of

Salzman's house, she was well aware that a search warrant was

24

25

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 1
        attorneys --
 2
                  THE COURT: Right.
 3
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- and been going through and doing a
        privilege review all year --
 4
                  THE COURT: Right. So I think --
 5
 6
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- long.
 7
                  THE COURT: -- what you're flagging goes to the
 8
        arguments that are most likely going to be made to Judge
 9
        Garaufis that, enough is enough and there has to be a line
        drawn on production and what they can reasonably rely on at
10
        trial.
11
                  And we've already had this conversation in various
12
        iterations, including the fact that there was a very extended
13
        period in which the government itself was getting practical
14
15
        access, right?
16
                  The seizures happened, then there was some period
        of discussion, negotiation, then there was a need for an
17
        outside vendor, then there was the technical loading of the
18
19
        documents on the vendor's machinery, you know, software or
20
        whatever it was, breaking off the ones that the vendor
21
        couldn't deal with and are apparently down at Quantico, and I
22
        have no idea what's going on with that.
23
                  And here we are, and you've -- this is not a
24
        criticism of the work. This is a look at the time line,
25
        which is true, the government has had these documents a long
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time.

That being said, I don't think it's going to be my

-- it's not my decision to say where this line is drawn.

We've talked about it a good bit before as to other issues.

So, again, the question is, as a practical matter is there any way for me and the defendants to get some sense of where the -- and how the taint team, you see yourself working through this enormous number of documents?

So one thing we've talked about is, all right, once we get some sample documents and can have a resolution, then you could apply those rulings to some of the documents.

But there is a lot of other documents behind that and I, you know -- I mean, you know, there's different scenarios.

One, you're looking for the ones that are the most likely to not be privileged, right? So you looked for — your first example. You looked for change of documents that had non-attorneys on it, right, and you all kind of worked your way through that. And now you're in this next category where you can group it.

But is there, you know, is behind that communications that you agree probably are privileged and that's it? Or are you just going to keep working all the way -- I don't know, until whenever I guess the trial judge says that's it? I mean, the numbers are huge. The numbers in

this case have always been huge.

MS. JONES: And I know, that's why we were hoping --

THE COURT: But there's a trial date.

MS. JONES: That's why we were hoping to get some of these issues resolved as a matter of law.

THE COURT: Well, they may be matters of law, but they are going to be tied to the documents.

But what we, defendants and I have heard is, the ones that you all worked through, the ones that you are in the process of identifying and I think are trying to get a handle, or I'm trying to get a handle for my schedule at a minimum as to, is there a whole other group of documents that you suspect are not privileged and that you're going to raise that, and there will be a whole other round of analysis, or is this most of the work?

And, you know, once we resolve this so, you know, a month out from -- whatever. A month from now, or something like that. You know, they will know where they stand with regard to those segregated documents.

MS. JONES: Your Honor, I think we need to discuss amongst ourselves if there is a way that we can mass-tag documents and you know, maybe we'll try doing that forward, but I think -- well, we'll try that.

We'll see if we can mass-tag documents, but I think

what's going to happen is that we're going to go back and forth, and we're saying mass-tagging them, not privileged.

We're going to mass-tag them privileged.

So it's just going to be, if we do it by -- there doesn't -- we would like to get away from a document by document analysis, but we're not getting anything from defense counsel other than, let's do this document by document.

We gave them a tranche of documents and then it takes them, you know, a week or two weeks, or three weeks to get back to us saying what they agree on. So --

THE COURT: All right. I'm not -- I just, I don't think there's any way in which the responsibility for this being a detailed process and slow can be put on to defendant's counsel, given the very long time the United States government had the documents.

It just doesn't seem balanced to say that. It's labor intensive and that's what you're working through, but - all right.

So as a practical matter what we're going to do is, you're -- on the privilege claims that defendants are asserting and government is questioning, the taint team is going to give the documents, or identify the documents by the 11th. The government -- I'm sorry.

The defendants will respond and give me those which

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1
        you have not come to an agreement by the -- well, by the
 2
        19th. And then the 25th if the government wants to say
 3
        anything about that.
                  And then crime fraud, where are we going to leave
 4
        this? You're going to talk to your colleagues and --
 5
                  MS. JONES: I think that -- I think the prosecution
 6
 7
        team needs to be involved in these arguments about crime
 8
        fraud.
 9
                  THE COURT: And you think -- I mean, I guess my
        thought is, all right, we'll try but I don't know if it's
10
        going to get us anywhere.
11
                  MS. CASSIDY: I think it's a waste of time.
12
13
        They've put in their submissions, they've said what they can
        say without having seen the documents.
14
15
                  So unless the taint team wants to make a separate
16
        submission identifying the documents that they think, in line
        with the prosecution team's you know, factual arguments --
17
                  THE COURT: Right.
18
19
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- are subject to crime fraud --
20
                  THE COURT: Right.
21
                  MS. CASSIDY: -- I don't know where that -- I
22
        don't think that gets us anywhere to have a discussion.
23
                  THE COURT: Do you know what their availability is?
24
                  MS. JONES: I don't. I know they have something
25
        tomorrow, but --
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59
 1
                  MS. CASSIDY: We have a conference tomorrow.
 2
                  THE COURT: You'll all be here. What time is --
 3
        what time is that?
                  MS. CASSIDY: Our conference tomorrow is at 11:00
 4
 5
        a.m.
                  THE COURT: At 11:00. Is it unreasonable to say,
 6
 7
        pick this conversation up after that, or --
 8
                  MS. JONES: I don't know what their schedule is,
 9
        Your Honor. I hate to talk -- speak for them because I
        haven't -- I didn't even raise this with them. All I know is
10
        that they had a -- they were going to see Judge Garaufis
11
12
        tomorrow.
13
                  THE COURT: I'm just looking at the schedule.
        Everybody -- Friday? I mean, I'm on criminal duty so I have
14
15
        to be a little bit flexible.
16
                  It could either be fairly early in the morning or -
        - I don't know, it's hard to say.
17
                  MS. CASSIDY: We could check with the prosecution
18
19
        team tonight and see if they're able to do it tomorrow after
20
        the court appearance. I mean, I don't know.
2.1
                  I don't have a sense of how long that court
22
        appearance will take, but it should certainly be finished by
23
        1:00, I would think.
24
                  MS. JONES: And you're contemplating that we, that
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we all show up, taint team and prosecution team.

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60
 1
                  THE COURT: I guess you might as well learn what
 2
        they know.
 3
                  MS. JONES: Okay.
                  THE COURT: Yeah. So I mean, why don't you touch
 4
 5
        base with them, everybody.
                  We could do it tomorrow at lunch, or -- and so you
 6
 7
        should just call my chambers and let me know. Or Friday, I
 8
        would say --
 9
                  MS. CASSIDY: If we want --
                  THE COURT: It really depends on your schedule.
10
        I'm in criminal duty so it's pretty unpredictable. The
11
12
        morning, you know, I hate to say this, the mornings are
13
        usually not so busy.
                  So like right after whatever happens in
14
15
        arraignments, or we could start, I could go there, come back.
16
                  MS. CASSIDY: If we want Raniere's team here, I
        don't believe they're available on Friday.
17
                  THE COURT: Oh, you're not. Okay.
18
19
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm not. I'm sorry.
20
                  THE COURT: Okay.
2.1
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm available all Thursday.
22
        I do expect -- I do think the conference in front of Garaufis
23
        is going to be relatively short tomorrow. So --
24
                  THE COURT: Okay.
25
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: And I really could just
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61
 1
        email them now and ask if they're available.
 2
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: I'm doing that right now,
 3
        Judge.
 4
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Oh, okay.
                  THE COURT: Okay. All right. If not I would say,
 5
        then how is Monday at 12:30?
 6
 7
                  MS. CASSIDY: That's fine for me.
 8
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: That's fine for us.
                  MS. JONES: Right now it looks okay for the taint
 9
10
        team.
                  THE COURT: Okay. So why don't you just give us a
11
        call in the morning, whether you're going to come by. You
12
        know, I have some conferences on. They don't look like
13
14
        they're going to be that long.
15
                  I certainly have the lunch break. Or, yeah, Monday
16
        at 12:30. Just let me know which one you want to do.
                  MS. JONES: So either tomorrow or Monday at 12:30?
17
                  THE COURT: Yes.
18
19
                  MS. JONES: Okay.
20
                  THE COURT: All right. What I've told you my
21
        impressions of this.
22
                  If you think I'm misguided, we should reorient --
23
        look at this some other way that we haven't talked about.
24
        Does anybody have, other than what we've already talked
25
        about, any practical or impractical but interesting
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62
 1
        suggestions about how to do this?
 2
                  No? All right. Well, if something -- if you do
 3
        have an insight, think about it differently, et cetera, you
        can let me know. All right. Anything else?
 4
 5
                  Oh, sorry. I mean, obviously I should -- if your
        clients want to come, I guess they'll be -- are they --
 6
 7
        they'll be here for that conference?
                  MS. CASSIDY: Mine will. Yes.
 8
 9
                  THE COURT: You should work out that they could
        attend.
10
                  MS. CASSIDY: Thank you.
11
12
                  THE COURT: Right? I mean, they weren't noticed
        for this in particular, but hopefully we can, you know, put
13
14
        it on the calendar, let the marshal know, and go from there.
15
        All right. Anything else?
16
                  No? All right. I appreciate you staying late.
                  MS. JONES: Thank you.
17
                  MS. CASSIDY: Have a good night.
18
19
                  UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: Thank you, Your Honor. Good
20
        night.
21
             (Proceedings concluded at 6:19 p.m.)
22
23
24
25
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